

ENTRANCE TEST 2017**Duration: 90 minutes****PART I. GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY (40 scores)**

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. Since the flood the number of homeless people _____ dramatically.
A. are increasing B. had increased C. increase D. has increased
2. While everybody else in our class prefers working in groups, Mina likes working _____.
A. on herself B. on her own C. of her own D. in herself
3. _____, the young mother appeared visibly very happy after the birth of her child.
A. Tired as she was B. She was tired C. As tired D. Despite tired
4. Could you please tell me _____?
A. where does my uncle's room B. where is my uncle's room
C. where my uncle's room is D. where my uncle's room
5. Gordon wants to look his best at the wedding so he's _____.
A. make a suit B. having a suit made C. to get made a suit D. having made a suit
6. This book provides students _____ useful tips that help them to pass the coming exam.
A. at B. about C. for D. with
7. Most _____ understand that disciplinary actions do not always work with students.
A. educate B. educating C. education D. educators
8. She _____ me a very charming compliment on my painting.
A. showed B. paid C. made D. took
9. _____ the rise in unemployment, people still seem to be spending more.
A. Despite B. Although C. Because D. Because of
10. He did not share his secrets with other people but he _____ in her.
A. confessed B. Concealed C. confided D. consented
11. I can't _____ this noise any longer. I'm going to write a letter of complaint to the local authority about this problem.
A. put up with B. take away from C. get back to D. make out of
12. The new manager laid down very strict rules as soon as he had _____ the position.
A. taken over B. come over C. taken up D. taken off
13. When I last saw him, he _____ in London
A. has lived B. is living C. has been living D. was living
14. The world's biodiversity is declining at an unprecedented rate, which makes wildlife _____.
A. prosperous B. prefect C. vulnerable D. remained
15. My neighbor is driving me mad! It seems that _____ it is at night, _____ he plays his music.
A. the less / the more loud B. the less / less
C. the later / the louder D. the more late / the more loudly
16. He did not particularly want to _____ any competitive sport.
A. use up B. do with C. take up D. go on
17. It was cold and wet. _____, Paul put on his swimming suit and went to the beach.
A. Although B. Therefore C. However D. Because

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions

33. Today, American English is particularly influential, due to the USA's **dominance** of cinema, television, popular music, trade and technology (including the Internet)
A. complete mastery
B. overwhelming superiority
C. complete control
D. profound effect
34. Students '**motivation** for learning a language increase when they see connection between what they do in classroom and what they hope to do with the language in the future.
A. the reason for which someone does something
B. the action that someone takes to deal with something
C. the eagerness that someone has to do something
D. the excitement with which one is filled when doing something.
35. In daily communication, you should know how to **interpret** other people's body language.
A. notice
B. answer
C. respond
D. understand
36. The purpose of this survey is to **determine** students' attitudes toward love and marriage.
A. concern
B. develop
C. find out
D. build

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word (s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word (s) in each of the following questions.

37. "Please speak up a bit more, Jason. You're hardly **loud enough to be heard** from the back", the teacher said.
A. visible
B. edible
C. eligible
D. inaudible
38. The funny story told by the man **amused** all the children.
A. pleased
B. entertained
C. saddened
D. frightened
39. Although it's a long day for us, we feel we are **contented** with what we do.
A. interested
B. dissatisfied
C. excited
D. shocked
40. I can't stand people who treat animals **cruelly**.
A. gently
B. cleverly
C. reasonably
D. brutally

PART II. STRUCTURE (20 scores)

Mark the letter A,B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to each of the following questions.

41. Had the announcement been made earlier, more people would have attended the lecture.
A. The lecture was held so late that a few people attended it.
B. More people came late to the lecture because of the late announcement.
C. The late announcement helped make the lecture well-attended.
D. Few people came to the lecture because the announcement was not made earlier.
42. She raised her hand high so that she could attract the teacher's attention.
A. Because her teacher attracted her, she raised her hand again.
B. Though she raised her hand high, she couldn't attract her teacher's attention.
C. To attract her teacher's attention, she raised her hand high.
D. She had such a high raising of hand that she failed to attract her teacher's attention.

43. Anyone who misses more than fifty percent of the classes deserves to fail.
- A. Those who are absent more than half the time should fail.
 - B. Fifty percent of classes have failed the exams.
 - C. More than fifty percent is too much for one class.
 - D. People who fail must make up fifty percent of the classwork.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best COMBINES each pair of sentences in the following questions.

44. He was able to finish his book. It was because his wife helped him.
- A. If only he had been able to finish his book.
 - B. If it weren't for his wife's help, he couldn't have finished his book.
 - C. Without his wife's help, he couldn't have finished his book.
 - D. But for his wife's help, he couldn't finish his book.
45. The basketball team knew they lost the match. They soon started to blame each other.
- A. Hardly had the basketball team known they lost the match when they started to blame each other.
 - B. Not only did the basketball team lose the match but they blamed each other as well.
 - C. No sooner had the basketball team started to blame each other than they knew they lost the match.
 - D. As soon as they blamed each other, the basketball team knew they lost the match.
46. My motorbike cannot start in the morning. I think I will get the garage to repair it.
- A. My motorbike which I will get it repaired cannot start in the mornings.
 - B. My motorbike cannot start in the morning, so I will have it repaired.
 - C. My motorbike which I will have it repaired cannot start in the morning.
 - D. My motorbike I will get it repaired which cannot start in the mornings.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to show the underlined part that needs CORRECTION.

47. Hardly had he entered the room than all the lights went out.
- A. had he enter
 - B. than
 - C. the lights
 - D. went
48. John congratulated us to our excellent results although we didn't know each other very well.
- A. to
 - B. excellent
 - C. although
 - D. each other
49. I often look into new words in the dictionary whenever I don't know their meanings.
- A. their
 - B. in
 - C. whenever
 - D. look into
50. Body language is quiet and secret, but most powerful language of all.
- A. Body language
 - B. secret
 - C. most
 - D. of all
51. Stayed strong, family members have to be engaged in each other's lives.
- A. Stayed
 - B. strong
 - C. have
 - D. be engaged
52. Once you can overcome your difficulty, the problem may well become a source of strengthen to your work and your faith.
- A. Once
 - B. overcome
 - C. may well become
 - D. strengthen
53. The basic elements of public-opinion research are interviewers, questionnaires, tabulating equipment, and to sample population.
- A. basic elements
 - B. are
 - C. tabulating
 - D. and to sample
54. She asked why did Mathew look so embarrassed when he saw Carole.
- A. why
 - B. Matthew
 - C. embarrassed
 - D. saw

55. Higher education is very importance to national economies and it is also a source of trained and educated personnel for the whole country
 A. importance B. economies C. educated D. the whole country
56. The exam to become a lawyer is on far the most difficult he has taken.
 A. become B. on far C. most D. has
57. No one in our office wants to drive to work because of there are always traffic jams at rush hour.
 A. wants B. because of C. are D. rush hour
58. Mrs. Stevens, along with her cousins from New Mexico, are planning to attend the festivities.
 A. along with B. from C. are D. to attend
59. The computer-based tests will test your ability to understand spoken English, to read nontechnical language, and writing correctly.
 A. will test B. spoken C. writing D. correctly
60. In 1960 John F. Kennedy became the youngest man ever to elect president of the US.
 A. In 1960 B. became C. ever D. to elect

PART III. READING COMPREHENSION (14 scores)

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Because writing has become so important in our culture, we sometimes think of it as more real than speech. A little thought, however, will show why speech is primary and writing secondary to language. Human beings have been writing (as far as we can tell from surviving evidence) for at least 5000 years; but they have been talking for much longer, doubtless ever since there have been human beings.

When writing did develop, it was derived from and represented speech, although imperfectly. Even today there are spoken languages that have no written form. Furthermore, we all learn to talk well before we learn to write; any human child who is not severely handicapped physically or mentally will learn to talk: a normal human being cannot be prevented from doing so. On the other hand, it takes a special effort to learn to write. In the past many intelligent and useful members of society did not acquire the skill, and even today many who speak languages with writing systems never learn to read or write, while some who learn the rudiments of those skills do so only imperfectly.

To affirm the primacy of speech over writing is not, however, to disparage the latter. One **advantage** writing has over speech is that it is more permanent and makes possible the records that any civilization must have. Thus, if speaking makes us human, writing makes us civilized.

61. We sometimes think of writing as more real than speech because _____.
 A. writing is secondary to language
 B. human beings have been writing for at least 5000 years
 C. it has become very important in our culture
 D. people have been writing since there have been human beings
62. The author of the passage argues that _____.
 A. speech is more basic to language than writing
 B. writing has become too important in today's society
 C. everyone who learns to speak must learn to write
 D. all languages should have a written form

63. According to the passage, writing _____.
- A. is represented perfectly by speech
 B. represents speech, but not perfectly
 C. developed from imperfect speech
 D. is imperfect, but less so than speech
64. Normal human beings _____.
- A. learn to talk after learning to write
 B. learn to write before learning to talk
 C. learn to write and to talk at the same time
 D. learn to talk before learning to write
65. In order to show that learning to write requires effort, the author gives the example of _____.
- A. people who learn the rudiments of speech
 B. severely handicapped children
 C. intelligent people who couldn't write
 D. people who speak many languages
66. In the author's judgment, _____.
- A. writing has more advantages than speech
 B. speech is essential but writing has important benefits
 C. writing is more real than speech
 D. speech conveys ideas less accurately than writing does
67. The word "advantage" in the last paragraph most closely means _____.
- A. rudiments
 B. skill
 C. domination
 D. benefit

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

If we believe that clothing has to do with covering the body, and costume with the choice of a particular form of garment for a particular use, then we can say that clothing depend primarily on such physical conditions as climate, health, and textile manufacture, whereas costume reflect social factors such as religious beliefs, aesthetics, personal status, and the wish to be distinguished from or to emulate our fellows.

The ancient Greeks and the Chinese believed that we first covered our bodies for some physical reason such as protecting ourselves from the weather elements. Ethnologists and psychologists have invoked psychological reasons: modesty in the case of ancients, and taboo, magical influence and the desire to please for the moderns. In early history, costume must have fulfilled a function beyond that of simple utility, perhaps through some magical significance, investing primitive man with the attributes of other creatures. Ornaments identified the wearer with animals, gods, heroes or other men. This identification remains symbolic in more sophisticated societies. We should bear in mind that the theater has its distant origins in sacred performances, and in all period children at play have worn disguises, so as to adapt gradually to adult life.

Costume helped inspire fear or impose authority. For a chieftain, costume embodied attributes expressing his power, while a warrior's costume enhanced his physical superiority and suggested he was superhuman. In more recent times, professional or administrative costume has been devised to distinguish the wearer and express personal or delegated authority; this purpose is seen clearly in the judge's robes and the police officer's uniform. Costume denotes power, and since power is usually equated with wealth, costume came to be an expression of social caste and material prosperity. Military uniform denotes rank and is intended to intimidate, to protect the body and to express membership in a group. At the bottom of the **scale**, there are such compulsory costumes as the convict's uniform. Finally, costume can possess a religious significance that combines various

elements: an actual or symbolic identification with a god, the desire to express this in earthly life, and the desire to enhance the wearer's position of respect.

68. Psychological reasons for wearing garments include
- A. protection from cold
 - B. availability of materials
 - C. prevention of illness
 - D. wishing to give pleasure
69. Why does the author mention the police officer's uniform?
- A. To show how costume signifies authority
 - B. To illustrate the aesthetic function of costume
 - C. To identify the wearer with a hero
 - D. To suggest that police are superhuman
70. The passage mainly discusses costumes in terms of its
- A. physical protection
 - B. religious significance
 - C. social function
 - D. beauty and attractiveness
71. What is the purpose of the paragraph 1?
- A. To describe the uses of costume
 - B. To contrast costume with the clothing
 - C. To trace the origins of costume
 - D. To point out that clothing developed before costume
72. The word "scale" in the paragraph 3 refers to
- A. symbolic identification
 - B. military rank
 - C. social position
 - D. the balance
73. Which of the following would most likely NOT be reflected in a person's costume, as it is defined in the passage?
- A. Having a heart condition
 - B. Playing in a baseball game
 - C. Working in a hospital
 - D. Participating in a religious ceremony
74. It can be inferred from the paragraph 3 that
- A. The function of costume has become very sophisticated
 - B. Children like to identify with other creature by wearing costumes
 - C. Primitive people wore cloths only for sacred performances
 - D. Costume no longer fulfills a function beyond simple utility

PART IV. TRANSLATION (26 scores)

Translate the following paragraph into Vietnamese. Dictionaries are not allowed.

IMPORTANCE OF EDUCATION IN OUR LIFE

Education is more important today than ever before. It gives people the specialized training they may need to prepare for a job or career. For example, a person must meet certain educational requirements and obtain a license or certificate before he can practice law or medicine.

Education is also important because it helps people get more out of life. It increases their knowledge and understanding of the world. It helps them acquire the skills that make life more interesting and enjoyable, such as the skills needed to participate in a sport, paint a picture, or play a musical instrument. Such education becomes increasingly important as people gain more and more leisure time.

Education also helps people adjust to change. This habit has become necessary because social changes today take place with increasing speed and affect the lives of more and more people. Education can help a person understand these changes and provide him with the skills for adjusting to them.

— THE END —

Answers:

Part I: 1D 2B 3A 4C 5B 6D 7D 8B 9A 10C 11A 12A 13D 14C 15C 16C 17B 18D 17C
20B 21C 22C 23C 24A 25D 26C 27D 28B 29C 30A 31B 32A 33B 34A 35D 36C
37D 38C 39B 40A

Part II: 41D 42C 43A 44C 45A 46B 47B 48A 49D 50C 51A 52D 53D 54B 55A 56B
57B 58C 59C 60D

Part III: 61C 62A 63B 64D 65C 66B 67D 68D 69A 70C 71B 72C 73A 74B

Part IV:

TẦM QUAN TRỌNG CỦA GIÁO DỤC TRONG ĐỜI SỐNG CHÚNG TA [2đ]

Việc giáo dục ngày nay quan trọng hơn trước [2đ]. Giáo dục cung cấp cho người ta việc đào tạo chuyên môn cần thiết cho một công việc hay nghề nghiệp [2đ]. Ví dụ một người trước khi hành nghề luật sư hay bác sĩ, anh ta phải đáp ứng được những đòi buộc giáo dục nhất định và phải có bằng cấp [3đ].

Giáo dục cũng quan trọng vì nó giúp người ta vươn lên trong cuộc sống [3đ]. Nó làm tăng thêm kiến thức và hiểu biết của người ta về thế giới [2đ]. Nó giúp người ta có những kỹ năng làm cho cuộc sống thêm hứng thú, ví dụ như khả năng để tham gia một môn thể thao, vẽ một bức tranh hay chơi một nhạc cụ [3đ]. Giáo dục trở nên quan trọng hơn khi người ta ngày càng có thêm nhiều thời giờ giải trí. [2đ]

Giáo dục cũng giúp người ta thích nghi với sự thay đổi [2đ]. Thói quen này trở nên cần thiết bởi vì những thay đổi của xã hội hôm nay diễn ra với tốc độ nhanh chóng và ảnh hưởng đến cuộc sống của nhiều người hơn [3đ]. Giáo dục có thể giúp một người hiểu được những thay đổi này và cung cấp cho anh ta những kỹ năng để thích nghi với chúng [2đ].